A. The definition of Academic Dishonesty is “any action taken with the intention of … (finish the definition from the link on Moodle)

________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________
________________________________________________________________________

B. Check each item below that a student should NOT do, according to the HHS Policy Statement on Academic Honesty.

1. ___ Copying answers from your friend’s take home test for a class you both have
2. ___ Accepting a copy of a test your friend took for a class you will be taking next year
3. ___ Studying with a friend for an upcoming test you both have not yet taken
4. ___ Giving test questions to a friend who has the same class you just had later that day
5. ___ Copying answers over your classmate’s shoulder during a test in class
6. ___ Text messaging a friend to get help during a test
7. ___ Copying computer software without obtaining the permission required by law
8. ___ Giving a friend a website address that will help him or her write a paper
9. ___ Doing another student’s work for him or her
10. ___ Letting a friend copy your homework after you are finished

C. Check each that CAN BE a consequence for breaking the Academic Honesty Policy.

1. ___ Grade reduction
2. ___ Parent conference
3. ___ Note in your academic file
4. ___ Criminal charge & police record
5. ___ A fine of up to $200
6. ___ Loss of credit for that class
7. ___ Community service
8. ___ Suspension from class
9. ___ Suspension from school
10. ___ Expulsion from school
11. ___ Your apology in writing
12. ___ Withholding your transcript
D. In simple terms, plagiarism is “using someone else’s words or ideas…”

(finish the definition from the link on Moodle)

E. Below, check each of the following that IS DEFINITELY an example of plagiarism, according to the HHS examples of plagiarism.

1. ___ You copy and paste an article from the internet without giving the source, and you turn it in with your name on it.

2. ___ You copy and paste an article from the internet without giving the source, and you use quotation marks around the whole thing.

3. ___ You copy a few sentences from a book word-for-word in your paper without using quotation marks and you give credit to the source correctly.

4. ___ To study for a class or to learn about something on your own, you copy and paste lines from the Internet and print them out all on one page to save yourself the hassle of taking notes by hand.

5. ___ To paraphrase, you change about 50% of the author’s original words from a direct quote and you give the source.

6. ___ You use a direct quote in quotation marks and give the source in one paragraph, and in the next paragraph you summarize and paraphrase the same author’s ideas without giving the source.

7. ___ In your paper you include ideas and facts from several authors, you name the source after each fact, you put most of these ideas in your own words, and you put quotation marks around any phrases that came directly word for word from a source.

8. ___ You use the same structure in your paper (table of contents, basic outline, or chapter organization) that an author used in a published book without naming that author.

9. ___ You don’t give the sources after each fact in your paper, and you have an excellent bibliography.

F. How do laws against plagiarism benefit published writers? (your opinion)

G. Why is it unethical to plagiarize? (your opinion)